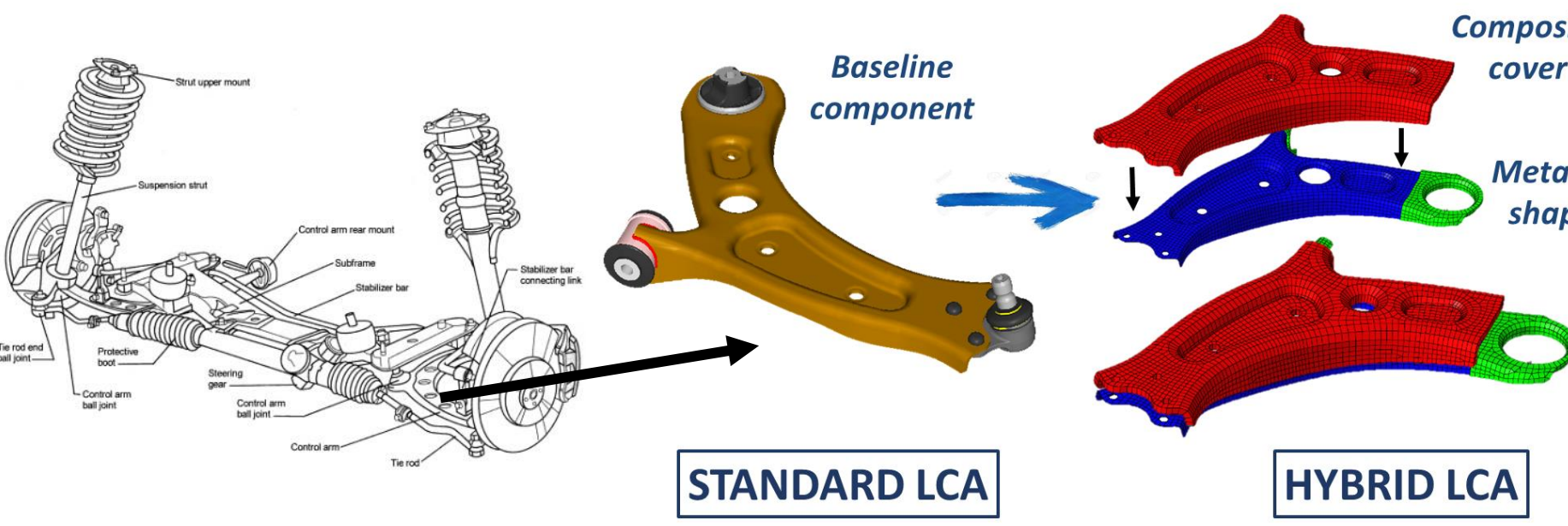


Multi-material Lower Control Arm for a McPherson suspension

Aim of the work

1. Lightweight design of a Lower Control Arm (LCA)
2. Hybrid design: structural composite on metal part
3. Vehicle dynamic analysis and improvement
4. Stiffness and dynamic response evaluation



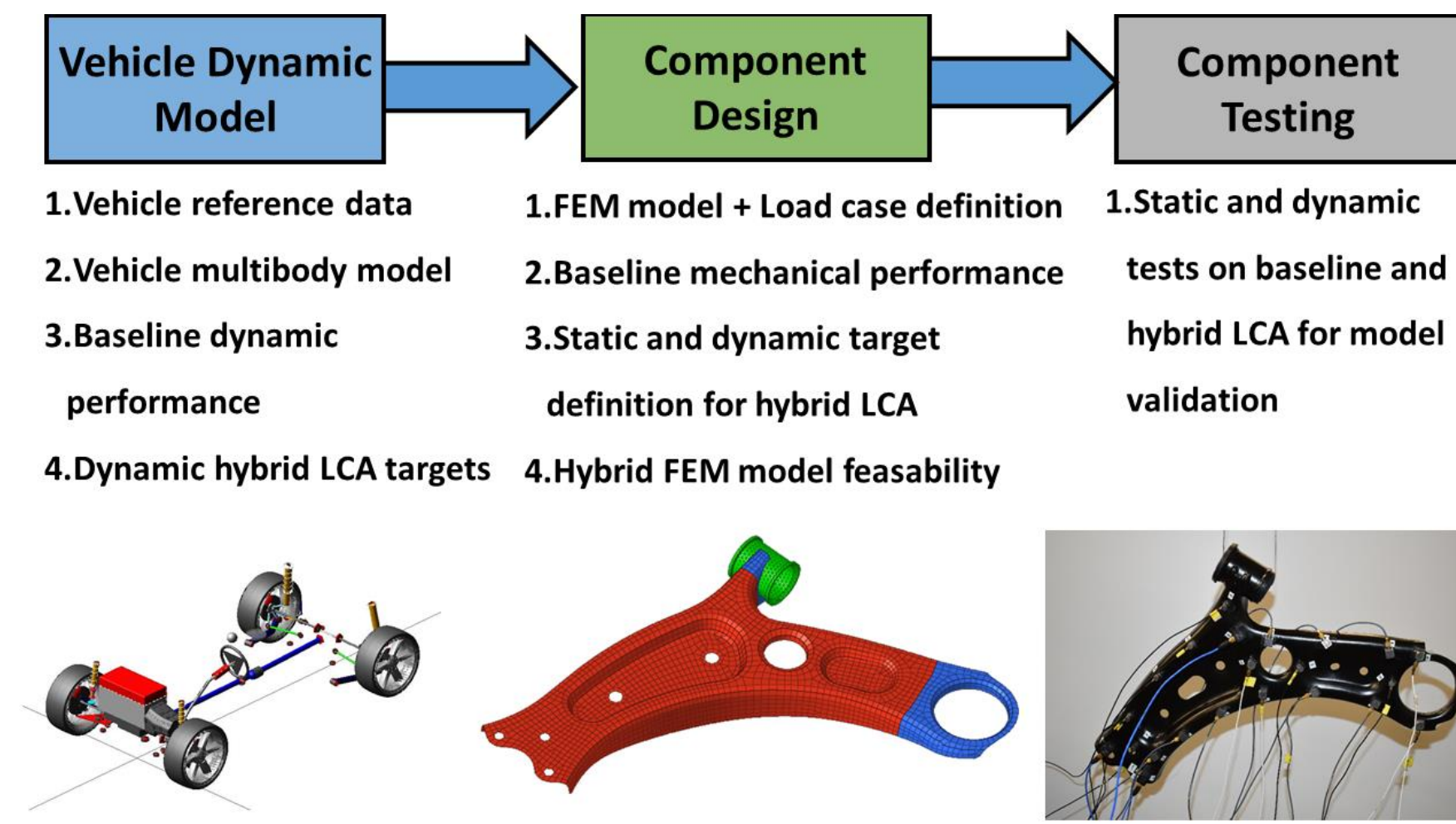
Vehicle segment reference

- 78% worldwide vehicles use McPherson
- It is mounted on 90% of front driven cars
- The best seller cars from A to C categories are equipped by a front axle McPherson

C - Small SUV



Project Workflow



Vehicle Dynamic activities

Vehicle reference data

Suspension System (F/R)	Powertrain	Curb Weight	Wheel base	Track	Tire	Weight ripartition (F/R)
McPherson Strut						
McPherson Strut with virtual center and longitudinal swing arm	4WD	1450 kg	2570 mm	1543 mm	225/55R18	63%-37%

Model hypothesis:

- Elasto-kinematic: Ideal joints and rigid bushings
- COG: Extracted from mass repartition, and assumed to be 600 mm from ground
- Unsprung mass: 40 kg for each wheel
- Tyre model: Normal performance city car tyre

SIMULATION SET

Test for component design

- Constant Cornering Radius
- Ramp steer
- ISO lane change
- Pothole ride
- Obstacles (10x100mm, 100x100mm)

INPUT FORCES FOR FEA

Test for dynamic improvements

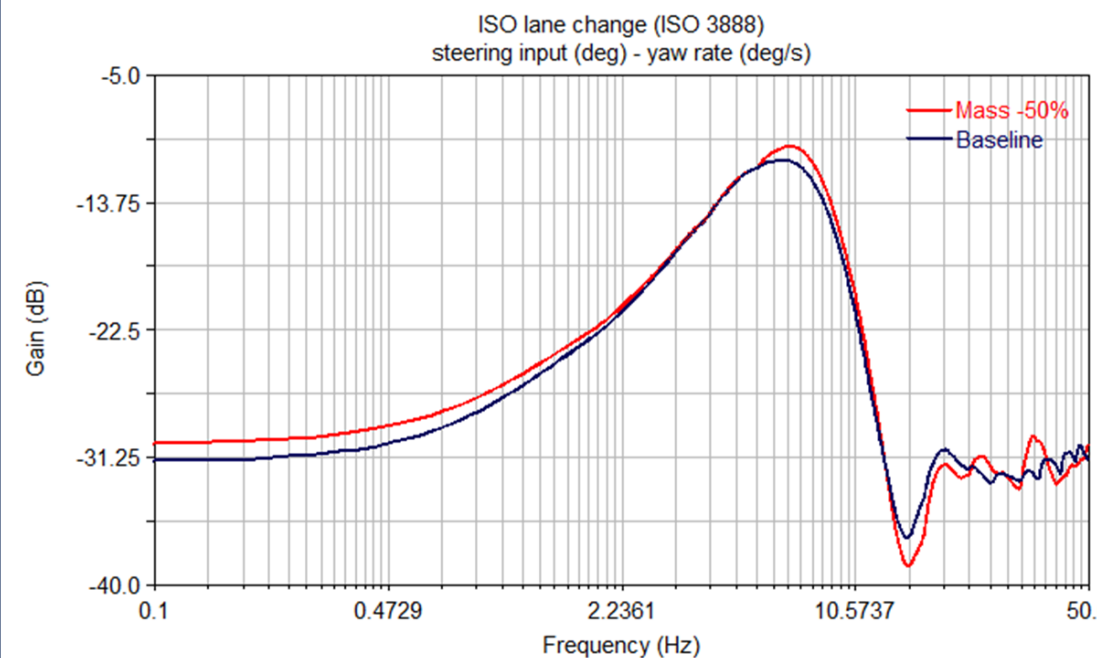
- Sweep Sine Vertical
- Road Excitation (ISO Class B and E)
- Sweep sine steering (80km/h, 90deg)
- Step Steer (180deg, 80km/h)
- Double lane change (ISO 3888)

HANDLING AND COMFORT PERFORMANCE

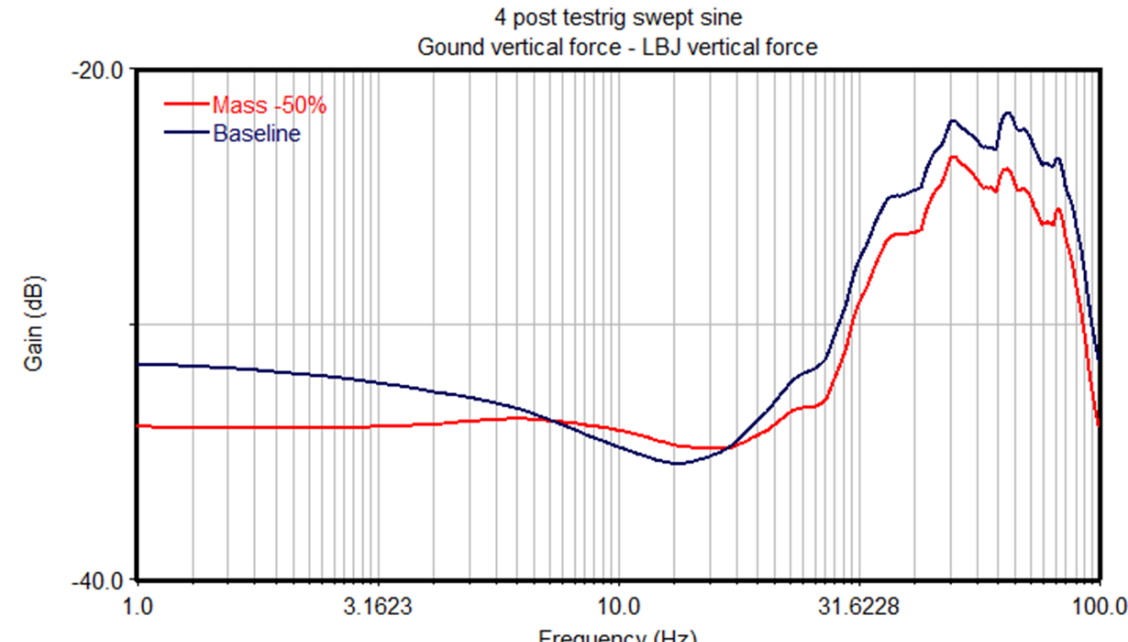
Results and Discussion

Manoeuvre	F _x [N]	F _y [N]	F _{tot} [N]
Constant Cornering Radius (CRC) (40m radius, 0.9g later acc.)	-105	-4440	4441
Ramp Steer (10deg/s, 40s, 80km/h)	-460	-2180	2229
ISO Lane Change (ISO 3888-1)	-342	2790	2810
Hard Braking (160km/h, -1.3g acc.)	9000	-1000	9055
Pothole Ride (100km/h)	214	-1690	1700
Low Obstacle impact (100km/h, 10x100mm)	10	1390	1390
High Obstacle impact (100km/h, 100x100mm)	387	1820	1860

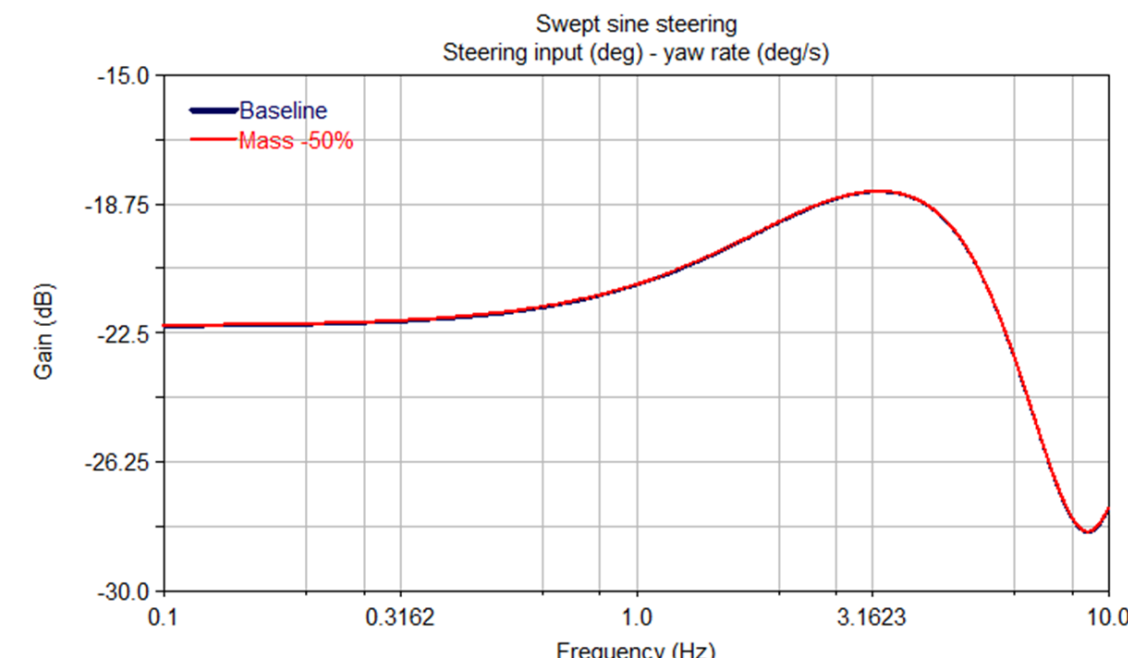
The worst load case is represented by the CRC manoeuvre and hard braking condition



The hybrid LCA gives less moment of inertia so the unsprung mass follows faster and better the ground when the body rolls



The hybrid LCA vertical force is reduced because the weight reduction → Less transmissibility



The hybrid LCA gain is very similar to the baseline gain

Experimental tests and correlation on baseline LCA

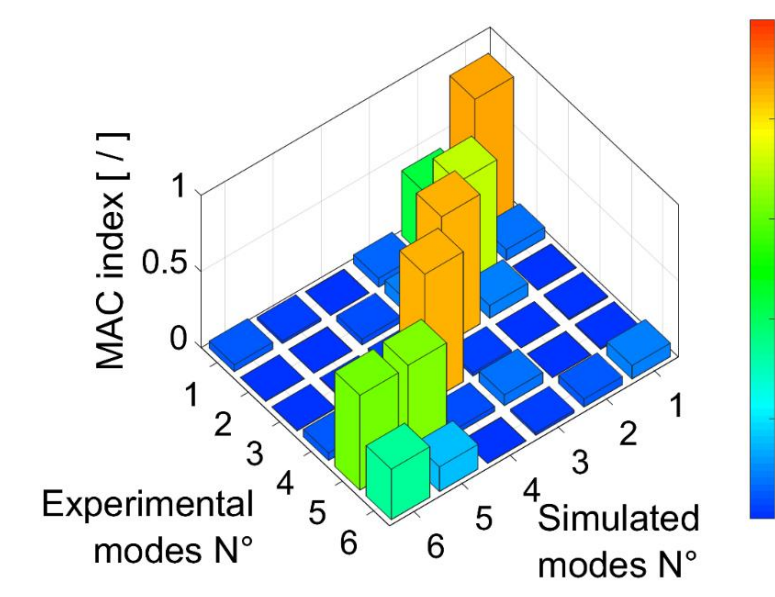
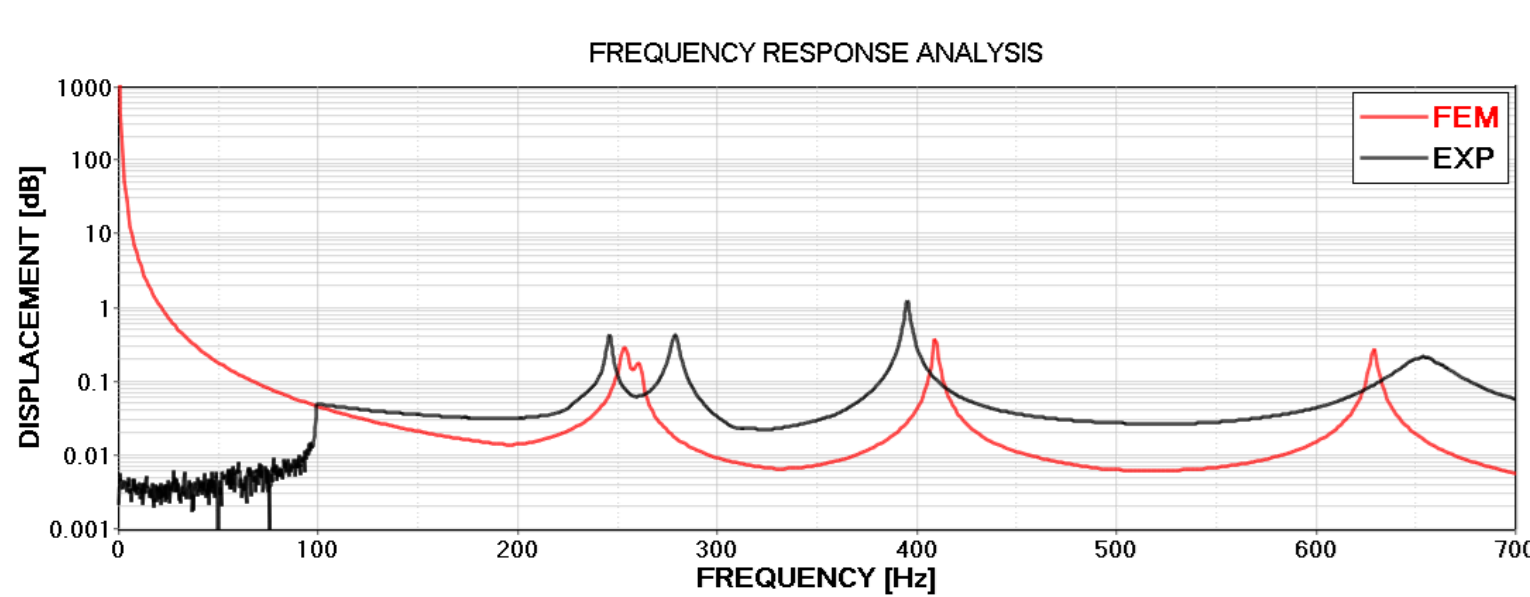
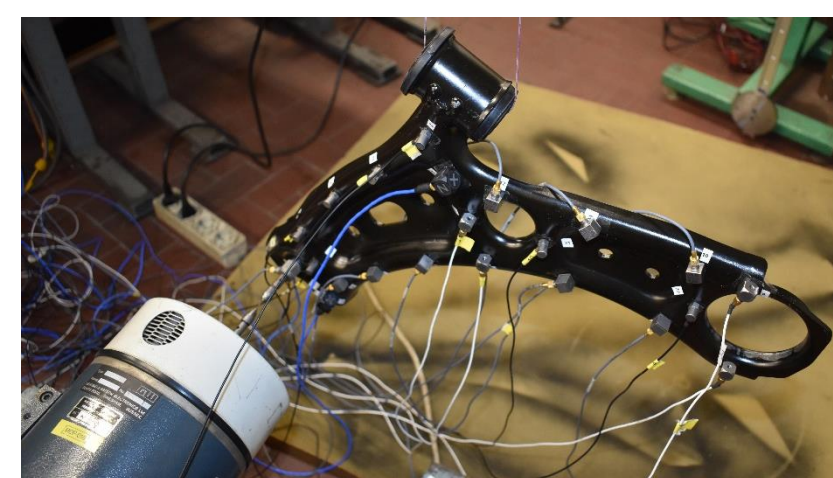
Modal parameter extraction from experimental Frequency Response Analysis (FRA) and correlation with FEM

Test set-up:

- Free-free boundary condition
- White noise excitation signal (100-1500 Hz)
- 22 channels for data logging + 1 load cell
- Lipez method for modal parameter extraction

Results:

- First six modes extracted
- Good correlation between experimental and FEM FRA
- MAC index from 0,5 to 0,8
- Structural damping extracted for each frequencies



Future Developments

1. Sensitivity study on composite geometric effect on target achieving
2. Final hybrid design and stacking sequence optimization
3. Static and dynamic characterization of bonding material for hybrid interface
4. Further tests on baseline LCA to correlate stiffness and strength with FEM
5. Dynamic tests on hybrid LCA and virtual correlation

FEA Activities

SIMULATION SET

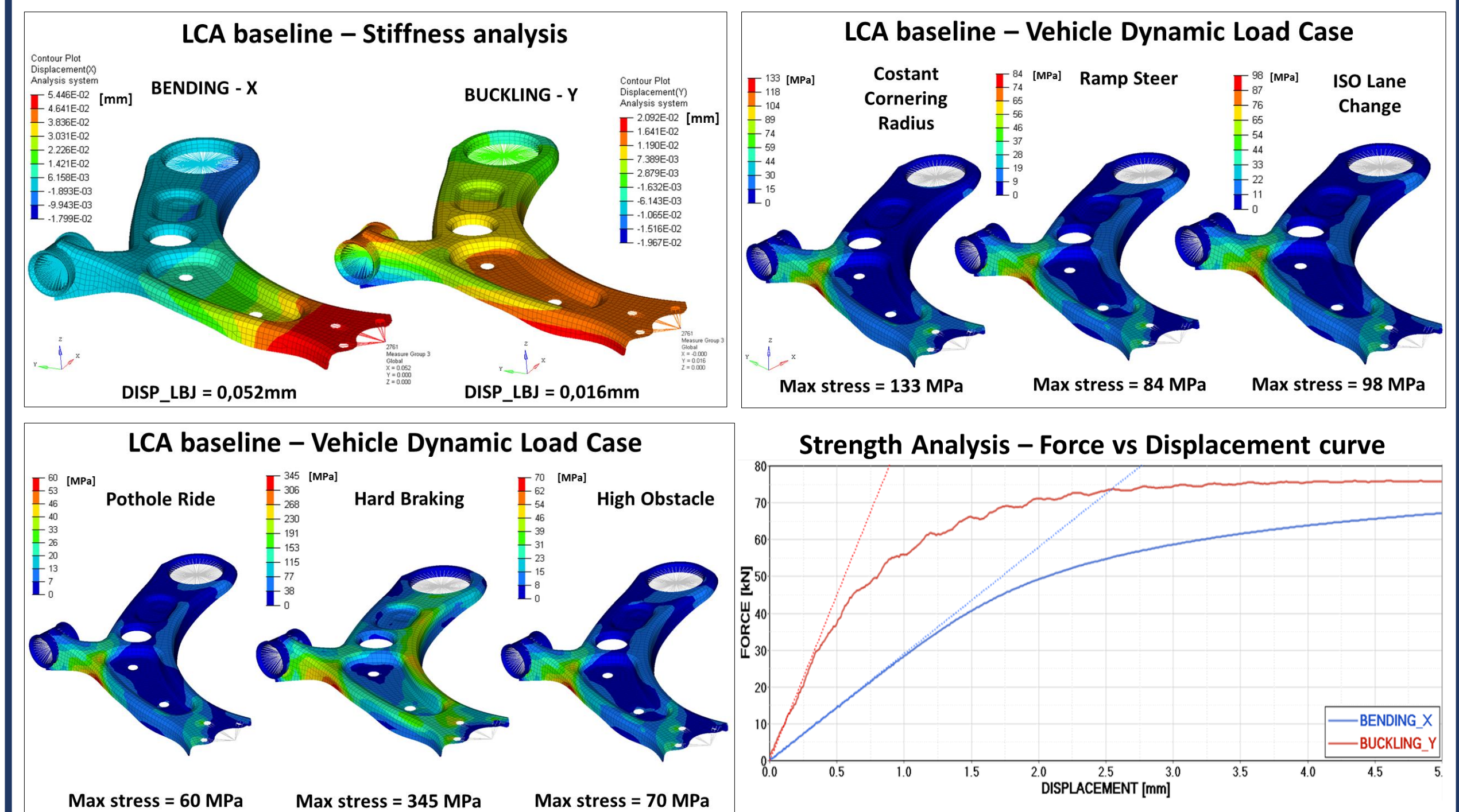
- Stiffness analysis
- Strength analysis
- Modal analysis
- Load case from vehicle dynamic

OUTPUT

- Stiffness
- Safety factor
- Dynamic response
- Strength curve

- ### Model hypothesis:
- No bushing: rigid link to constraint
 - Elasto-plastic material model
 - Boundary conditions depending on load cases

Results and Discussion



Results Summary

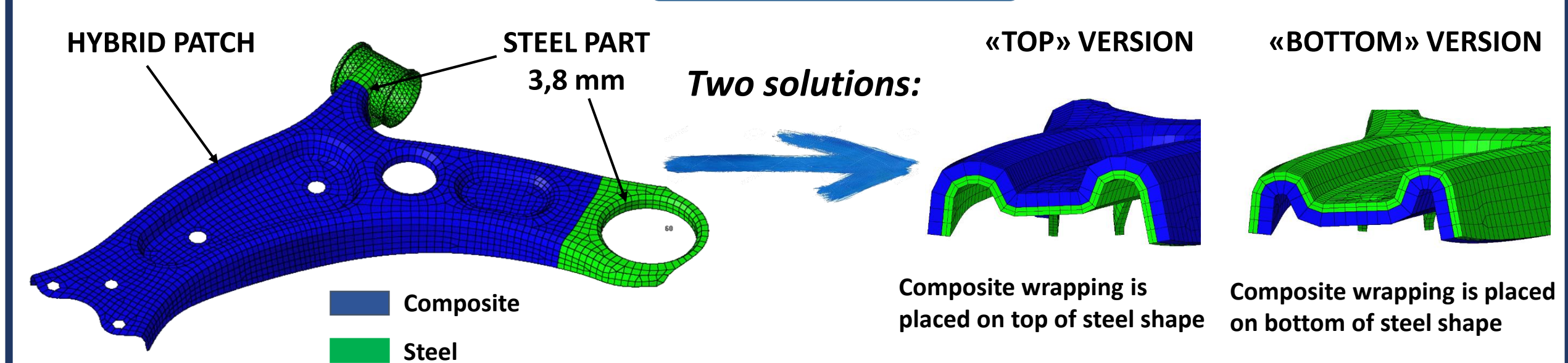
MODEL	Disp X [mm]	Disp Y [mm]	Mass [kg]	Kx [kN/mm]	Ky [kN/mm]	Fx max [kN]	Fy max [kN]
BASILINE	0,052	0,016	2,2	28,8	93,7	67	75

TARGET SETTING

MODEL	Mass [kg]	Safety Factor	Kx [kN/mm]	Ky [kN/mm]	Fx max [kN]	Fy max [kN]
HYBRID	1	≥2	≥35	≥120	≥67	≥75

-50% +30% +30%

1° Hybrid LCA



1° step: sensitivity study on hybrid thickness

FEM MODEL	Disp X [mm]	Disp Y [mm]	t _{metal} [mm]	t _{comp} [mm]	Massa [kg]	Kx [kN/mm]	Ky [kN/mm]	Δ Kx [%]	Δ Ky [%]	Δ kg [%]
BASILINE	0,052	0,016	3,8	-	2,2	28,8	93,7	-	-	-
HYB_TOP_REV_2	0,039	0,01	2	6	1,87	38,4	150	33,3	60	-15
HYB_TOP_REV_6	0,048	0,011	0,8	8	1,46	31,2	136,3	7,6	31,3	-50,7
HYB_BOT_REV_2	0,043	0,01	2	6	1,87	34,8	150	20,9	60	-15
HYB_BOT_REV_6	0,051	0,011	0,8	8	1,46	29,4	136,3	1,9	31,3	-50,7

The "top" solution is better than the "bottom" one. However, none configuration match targets simultaneously.

2° step: sensitivity study on geometric shape of hybrid patch

PhD Activities

Politecnico Courses:

- Communication (5h)
- Lean startup and lean business for innovation management (20h)
- Modellazione avanzata di problemi strutturali con elementi finiti (30h)
- Development of innovative solutions for motor vehicle (20h) (excellence course)
- Progettazione affidabilità di macchine e sistemi meccanici (28h) (attending)
- Multiscale structural mechanics (15h)(excellence course)
- Hybrid propulsion system (10h)
- Modellazione avanzata di problemi strutturali con elementi finiti (30h)
- The redefinition of the international System of Units (12h)(excellence course)
- Polymers and Polymer Matrix Composites in Harsh Environments (10h)(excellence course)
- Progettazione a crash di strutture di veicoli (30h)
- Writing scientific papers in English (15h)
- Short course on Entrepreneurship (7h)

External Courses:

- "Smart Structures for Vibro-Acoustic Control" - CISM and Marie Curie Graduate School (3 days) (20h)
- Altair Hyperworks Training on Hypercrash (2days) (16h)
- Altair Hyperworks Training on Optistruct Fatigue (1 day) (8h)
- Abaqus Standard and Composite (4 days) (32h)
- Introduction to LS-Dyna (1 day) (8h)
- Simulation of short and continuous fiber composites in LS-Dyna (2 days) (16h)

Followed students for thesis:

- 2 MSc students, 1 BCs student

Papers:

- M. CARELLO, A. MESSANA, "IDRApegasus: a fuel cell prototype for 3000 km/L", Computer-Aided Design & Application, 2015, vol. 11 (a), pp. 1-15. - ISSN 1686-4360
- M. CARELLO, A. AIRALE, A. FERRARIS, A. MESSANA, "Desing and numerical modelization of CFRP innovative transversal leaf spring", abstract in atti di convegno, 10th International Conference on Advanced Computational Engineering and Experimenting, ACE-X 2016
- M. CARELLO, A. AIRALE, A. FERRARIS, A. MESSANA, C. DE PASCALIS, "Correlation between thermo-mechanical properties and chemical composition of aged thermoplastic and thermosetting FRP material", abstract in atti di convegno, 10th International Conference on Advanced Computational Engineering and Experimenting, ACE-X 2016
- M. CARELLO, A. AIRALE, A. FERRARIS, A. MESSANA, L. SISCA "Static Design and Finite Element Analysis of Innovative CFRP Transverse Leaf Spring," Applied Composite Materials, Mar. 2017
- M. CARELLO, A. AIRALE, A. FERRARIS, A. MESSANA, L. SISCA, "Correlation between thermo-mechanical properties and chemical composition of aged thermoplastic and thermosetting FRP material", Materialwissenschaft und Werkstofftechnik, vol. 48, no. 5, pp. 447-455, May 2017.
- M. CARELLO, A. G. AIRALE, A. FERRARIS, L. SISCA, A. MESSANA, AND N. AMIRTH, "Process analysis for structural optimisation of thermoplastic composite component using the building block approach," Composites Part B: Engineering, vol. 126, p. 13, Jun. 2017.

Conference:

- Oral and poster presentation, 10th International Conference on Advanced Computational Engineering and Experimenting, ACE-X 2016, 3-6 July 2016, Split (Croatia)

Research Project:

- Progetto TELEMEC (TELEscopic-EXtractable MEchanized Element in Carbon)